Hesperia Community Schools

Course: Physical Science
Grade Level: 9th Grade

Timeline	HSCE's/ GLCE's and CCSS	Content—the "WHAT" of teaching. Specific themes, units & topics.	Essential Skills: the "Important Details/Essential Questions" you are teaching (How & essential of What)	Content Vocabulary	Assessment: the products & performances of learning	Resources
Unit: Introduction to Physics A # of Weeks: on going  Physical Science, Holt © 2008 Reference: CH 1	P1.1A: Generate new questions that can be investigated in the laboratory or field.  P1.1B: Evaluate the uncertainties or validity of scientific conclusions using an understanding of sources of measurement error, the challenges of controlling variables, accuracy of data analysis, logic of argument, logic of experimental design, and/or the dependence on underlying assumptions.  P1.1C: Conduct scientific investigations using appropriate tools and techniques (e.g., selecting an instrument that measures the desired quantity—length, volume, weight, time interval, temperature—with the appropriate level of precision).  P1.1D: Identify patterns in data and relate them to theoretical models.  P1.1E: Describe a reason for a given conclusion using evidence from an investigation.	The Nature of Science (Section 1)  The Way Science Works (Section 2)  Organizing Data (Section 3)	How Science     Takes Place (CH     1, Sect. 1)     The Branches of     Science (CH 1,     Sect. 1)     Scientific Laws &     Theories (CH 1,     Sect. 1)     Science Skills (CH     1, Sect. 2)     Units of     Measurement (CH     1, Sect. 2)     Presenting     Scientific Data (CH     1, Sect. 3)     Writing Numbers     in Scientific     Notation (CH 1,     Sect. 3)     Using Significant     Figures (CH 1,     Sect. 3)	Scientific notation, significant figures, graphic, accuracy, precision, dimensional analysis	"Who Am I?" Pie Performance Assessment  Wildlife Refuge (Conversions) Activity  Conversion Quiz	Accuracy vs. Precision Illustration  Accuracy vs. Precision Demo  BrainPop: Science 1. Accuracy vs. Precision 2. Science Projects 3. Scientific Notation  Sig Fig Notes  Sig Fig Calculation Website Practice  Sig Fig Around-the- Room- Problems  Conversion Notes  Daily Life Organizer (Pie Chart by hand and Excel)

Hesneria Co	mmunity Schools						
Tiesperia Con	variables, methods,						
	or timing of an						
	investigation were						
	changed.						
	P1.1g: Based on						
	empirical evidence,						
	explain and critique						
	the reasoning used to draw a scientific						
	conclusion or						
	explanation.						
	охраналон.						
	P1.1h: Design and						
	conduct a systematic						
	scientific						
	investigation that						
	tests a hypothesis.						
	Draw conclusions						
	from data presented						
	in charts or tables.						
	P1.2B: Identify and						
	critique arguments						
	about personal or						
	societal issues based						
	on scientific						
	evidence.						
	P1.2C: Develop an						
	understanding of a						
	scientific concept by						
	accessing						
	information from						
	multiple sources.						
	Evaluate the scientific accuracy						
	and significance of						
	the information.						
	ano imormation.						
	P1.2f: Critique						
	solutions to						
	problems, given						
	criteria and scientific						
	constraints.						
	D1 2a: Identific						
	P1.2g: Identify scientific tradeoffs in						
	design decisions and						
	choose among						
	alternative solutions.						
	NOTE: The HSCE's						
	above will not only be						
	incorporated in the						
	initial "Introduction"						
	Unit but will also be						
	addressed						
	throughout multiple other units.						
	P3.1A: Identify the	Measuring	•	Observing Motion	Motion, frame of	Calculating	CH 10-1 Guided
	force(s) acting	Motion (CH 11,	•	(CH 11, Sect. 1)	reference, speed,	the Speed of	Reading Packet
Unit: Motion	between objects in	Section 1)	•	Speed & Velocity	velocity,	Falling	
	,			Specia a volocity	1		J

Hesperia Commun			(01144.0.44)	1 , ,	I.B	l o
& Forces  Weeks: 2 – 5  Physical Science, Holt © 2008 Reference: CH 11 & 12  P3.20 net fo an ob  P3.20 the fo object plane the ob based using diagra  P3.34 action force of force situation at a acros pushi door).  P3.3b the ch veloci mass object collide  P3.44 changa an ob sever  P3.44 changa an ob sever  P3.44 changa an ob sever	t contact" or at ance.  Li Identify the itude and on of everyday is (e.g., wind, in in ropes, is and pulls, it).  Calculate the ree acting on iect.  Calculate all rees on an inclined and describe opect's motion on the forces free-body ims.  Identify the and reaction from examples in everyday ons (e.g., book able, walking is the floor, ing open a inclined and compares to lange in the sinteract (e.g., inclined in the sinteract	<ul> <li>Accelerations (CH 11, Section 2)</li> <li>Motion &amp; Force (CH 11, Section 3)</li> <li>Newton's First &amp; Second Laws (CH 12, Section 1)</li> <li>Gravity (CH 12, Section 2)</li> <li>Newton's Third Law (CH 12, Section 3)</li> </ul>	(CH 11, Sect. 1) Calculating Speed (CH 11, Sect. 1) Graphic Motion (CH 11, Sect. 1) Acceleration & Motion (CH 11, Sect. 2) Calculating Acceleration (CH 11, Sect. 2) Graphic Accelerated Motion (CH 11, Sect. 2) Fundamental Forces (CH 11, Sect. 2) Balanced & Unbalanced Forces (CH 11, Sect. 3) The Force of Friction (CH 11, Sect. 3) Friction & Motion (CH 11, Sect. 3) Friction & Motion (CH 11, Sect. 3) Newton's 1st Law (CH 12, Sect. 1) Newton's 2nd Law (CH 12, Sect. 1) Weight & Mass (CH 12, Sect. 1) Weight & Mass (CH 12, Sect. 2) Law of Universal Gravitation (CH 12, Sect. 2) Free Fall (CH 12, Sect. 2) Free Fall (CH 12, Sect. 3) Momentum (CH 12, Sect. 3) Conservation of Momentum (CH 12, Sect. 3) Conservation of Momentum (CH 12, Sect. 3)	acceleration, displacement, force, friction, inertia, weight, free fall, terminal velocity, projectile motion, momentum	Dominos Lab Graphing Your Motion (Probeware) Lab CH 11 Test: Motion CH 11 & 12 Test: Force Graph Matching Performance Assessment	Observing Motion Demonspeed WS CH 11-1 Guided Reading Packet The Story About a Girl Her Dog Writing Response Velocity A/B Problems ESPN Video: Tracking Speed Acceleration Demo (walking 1 ft/s, 1ft/s/s, 1ft/s/s) Acceleration Notes Acceleration WS Acceleration A/B Problems BrainPoP Video: 1. Gravity, 2. Newton's Laws of Motion, 3. Force Projectile Motion Demo (2 pennies) Accelerated Motion Notes Inertia Demos Newton's Laws of Motion Notes Inertia Demos Newton's Laws of Motion Notes Modern Marvels Video: Satellites Momentum A/B Problems Newton's Cradle Demos Bill Nye Video:

P3.4C: Solve

problems involving force, mass, and acceleration in linear motion (Newton's second law).

P3.4D: Identify the

Hoenerie Car	mmunity Cabaala					
Unit: Work, Power & Machines  Weeks: 6 – 8  Physical Science, Holt © 2008 Reference: CH 13	force(s) acting on objects moving with uniform circular motion (e.g., a car on a circular track, satellites in orbit).  P3.5a: Apply conservation of momentum to solve simple collision problems.  P3.6B: Predict how the gravitational force between objects changes when the distance between them changes.  P3.6C: Explain how your weight on Earth could be different from your weight on another planet.  P3.2B: Compare work done in different situations.  P4.1d: Calculate the amount of work done on an object that is moved from one position to another.  P4.1e: Using the formula for change in potential energy of an object lifted a distance h.  P4.2A: Account for and represent energy transfer and transformation in complex processes (interactions).  P4.2C: Explain how energy is conserved in common systems (e.g., light incident on a transparent material, light incident on a leaf, mechanical energy in a collision).  P4.2f: Identify and label the energy in a collision).	Work, Power & Machines (Section 1)     Simple Machines (Section 2)      What is Energy? (Section 3)     Conservation of Energy (Section 4)	<ul> <li>What is Work? (CH 13, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Power (CH 13, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Machines &amp; Mechanical Advantage (CH 13, Sect. 1)</li> <li>What Are Simple Machines? (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>The Lever Family (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>The Inclined Plane Family (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Compound Machines (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Compound Machines (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Energy &amp; Work (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Potential Energy (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Kinetic Energy (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Kinetic Energy (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Other Forms of Energy (CH 13, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Energy Transformations (CH 13, Sect. 3)</li> <li>The Law of Conservation of Energy (CH 13, Sect. 3)</li> <li>The Law of Conservation of Energy (CH 13, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Efficiency of Machines (CH 13, Sect. 3)</li> </ul>	Work, power, simple machines, compound machine, mechanical advantage, energy, potential energy, kinetic energy, efficiency, conservation of energy	Stair Climbing (Power) Lab Work, Power, & Simple Machines Quiz CH 13 Unit Test: Work, Power, Machines	Work/Power Notes Work/Power WS Simple Machines Concept Map "Pop the Balloon" Activity Compound Pulley Demo M.A. Notes Using Machines WS Storing Energy Demo w/ Bball (pg 453) BrainPoP: 1. Forms of Energy, 2. Kinetic Energy, 3. Potential Energy Energy Transfer Demo (pg 445)

Hesnaria Ca	mmunity Schools					
Unit: Waves, Sound & Light  Weeks: 9 – 12  Physical Science, Holt © 2008 Reference: CH 15 & 16	outputs using qualitative or quantitative representations in simple technological systems (e.g., toaster, motor, hair dryer) to show energy conservation.  P4.3A: Identify the form of energy in given situations (e.g., moving objects, stretched springs, rocks on cliffs, energy in food).  P4.3B: Describe the transformation between potential and kinetic energy in simple mechanical systems (e.g., pendulums, roller coasters, ski lifts).  P4.3C: Explain why all mechanical systems require an external energy source to maintain their motion.  P4.4A: Describe specific mechanical waves (e.g., on a demonstration spring, on the ocean) in terms of wavelength, amplitude, frequency, and speed.  P4.4B: Identify everyday examples of transverse and compression (longitudinal) waves in terms of wavelength, amplitude, and frequency.  P4.4C: Compare and contrast transverse and compression (longitudinal) waves in terms of wavelength, amplitude, and frequency.  P4.4e: Calculate the amount of energy	<ul> <li>Types of Waves (CH 15, Section 1)</li> <li>Characteristics of Waves (CH 15, Section 2)</li> <li>Wave Interactions (CH 15, Section 3)</li> <li>Sound (CH 16, Section 1)</li> <li>The Nature of Light (CH 16, Section 2)</li> <li>Reflection &amp; Color (CH 16, Section 3)</li> <li>Refraction, Lenses &amp; Prisms (CH 16, Section 4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What is a Wave? (CH 15, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Vibrations &amp; Waves (CH 15, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Transverse &amp; Longitudinal Waves (CH 15, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Surface Waves (CH 15, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Wave Properties (CH 15, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Wave Speed (CH 15, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Wave Speed (CH 15, Sect. 2)</li> <li>The Doppler Effect (CH 15, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Reflection, Diffraction, &amp; Refraction (CH 15, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Interference (CH 15, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Standing Waves (CH 15, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Properties of Sound (CH 16,</li> </ul>	Medium, mechanical wave, electromagnetic wave, transverse wave, longitudinal wave, crest, trough, amplitude, wavelength, period, frequency, wave velocity, Doppler effective, refection, diffraction, refraction, interference, constructive interference, standing wave.  Sound wave, pitch, infrasound, ultrasound, resonance, sonar, photon, intensity, radar, light ray, virtual image, real image, real image, real.	Wave Quiz CH 15 & 16 Unit Test: Waves, Sound & Light	Wave Characteristics WS ESPN Video: Waves Slinky Demo BrainPoP Video: Waves Tooth Tunes Demo Standing Wave Demo Wave A/B Problems Ghost Crystals Demo "Donut" Resonance Demo w/ string & washers CH 16 Vocab Wheels, Section 1 and 2 Reflection & Refraction Demo (pg 526)
	transferred by transverse or compression waves	Section 4)	Sect. 1)  • Musical	magnification, prism, dispersion.		Electromagnetic Spectrum Drawing

of different	Instruments (CH	Optics of Mirrors/Lenses
amplitudes and	16, Sect. 1)	Notes
frequencies (e.g., seismic waves).	Hearing and the     Ear (CH 16, Sect.	Ray Diagram Model
P4.5C: Provide	1) • Ultrasound &	Polarizing Filters Demo
evidence to support the claim that sound	Sonar (CH 16,	Waves, Light & Sound
is energy transferred	Sect. 1)	Search & Rescue
by a wave, not	Waves & Particles     (OLL46, Oct. 4)	Search & Rescue
energy transferred by	(CH 16, Sect. 2)	MindPoint Quiz Review
particles.	• The	Game
partiolos.	Electromagnetic	Game
P4.5E: Explain why	Spectrum (CH 16, Sect. 2)	
everyone in a		
classroom can hear	Reflection of Light     (CH 16, Sect. 3)	
one person speaking,	• Mirrors (CH 16,	
but why an	Sect. 3)	
amplification system	Seeing Colors (CH	
is often used in the	16, Sect. 3)	
rear of a large	Refraction of Light	
concert auditorium.	(CH 16, Sect. 4)	
P4.6D: Explain why	• Lenses (CH 16,	
we see a distant	Sect. 4)	
event before we hear	Dispersion &	
it (e.g., lightning	Prisms (CH 16,	
before thunder,	Sect. 4)	
exploding fireworks		
before the boom).		
P4.6f: Explain how		
radio waves are		
modified to send		
information in radio		
and television		
programs, radio-		
control cars, cell		
phone conversations, and GPS systems.		
P4.8A: Draw ray diagrams to indicate		
how light reflects off		
objects or refracts		
into transparent		
media.		
P4.8B: Predict the		
path of reflected light		
from flat, curved, or		
rough surfaces (e.g.,		
flat and curved		
mirrors, painted		
walls, paper).		
P4.8c: Describe how		
two wave pulses		
propagated from		
opposite ends of a		
demonstration spring		
interact as they meet.		

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P4.9A: Identify the principle involved when you see a transparent object (e.g., straw, a piec of glass) in a clear liquid.  P4.9B: Explain ho various materials reflect, absorb, or transmit light in different ways  P4.9C: Explain when the image of the Sappears reddish a sunrise and sunse	v V un				
Unit: Electricity & Magnetism  Weeks: 13 – 15  Physical Science, Holt © 2008 Reference: CH 17 & 18  P3.7A: Predict how the electric force between charged objects varies when the distance between them and/or the magnitude of charges change. P3.7B: Explain whacquiring a large excess static charactering (e.g., pulling off a wool cap, touching Van de Graaff generator, combin affects your hair.  P3.7e: Explain whan attractive force results from bringing a charged object near a neutral object near a neutral object of the interaction of electric and magnetic forces is the basis electric motors, generators, and the production of electromagnetic waves.  P3.p8A: Create a representation of magnetic field line around a bar magnetic force changes at various at v	and Force (CH 17, Section 1)  Current (CH 17, Section 2)  Circuits (CH 17, Section 3)  Magnets & Magnetic Fields (CH 18, Section 1)  Magnetism (CH 18, Section 2)  Electric Currents from Magnetism (CH 18, Section 3)  Electric Currents from Magnetism (CH 18, Section 3)	<ul> <li>Electric Charge (CH 17, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Transfer of Electric Charge (CH 17, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Electric Force (CH 17, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Voltage &amp; Current (CH 17, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Electrical Resistance (CH 17, Sect. 2)</li> <li>What are Circuits? (CH 17, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Series &amp; Parallel Circuits (CH 17, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Electrical Energy &amp; Power (CH 17, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Fuses &amp; Circuit Breakers (CH 17, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Magnets (CH 17, Sect. 3)</li> <li>Magnetic Fields (CH 18, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Magnetic Fields (CH 18, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Earth's Magnetic Field (CH 18, Sect. 1)</li> <li>Electromagnetism (CH 18, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Electromagnetic Devices (CH 18, Sect. 2)</li> <li>Electromagnetic Induction (CH 18, Sect. 3)</li> <li>The Electromagnetic Force (CH 18, Sect. 3)</li> </ul>	Electrical charge, electrical conductor, electrical insulator, electric force, electric field, electrical potential energy, potential difference, cell, electrical current, electrical resistance, electric circuit, schematic diagram, series circuit, parallel circuit, electric power, fuse, circuit breaker  Magnetic pole, magnetic field, solenoid, electromagnet, electromagnet, electromagnetic induction, generator, alternating current, transformer	Open/Short Circuit Lab Electricity Quiz CH 17 & 18 Unit Test: Electricity & Magnetism	Move and Empty Pop Can Demo (w/ a balloon and static electricity)  Vandegraaf Generator Demo  Electric Current Notes Tesla Coil Demo  BrainPoP: 1. Static Electricity, 2. Electric Current, 3. Electromagnets, 4. Batteries, 5. Circuits  Electric Current WS  Lemon Cell Battery Demo  Understanding Electricity Video and WS  Fuses & Circuit Breakers Demo  "Up in the Air" Demo  3-D Magnetic Fields Demo w/ Cow Magnet  Characteristics of Magnets WS

**Hesperia Community Schools** places in the field. Transformers (CH (prerequisite) 18, Sect. 3) P4.10A: Describe the transformations when electrical energy is produced and transferred to homes and businesses. **P4.10C**: Given diagrams of many different possible connections of electric circuit elements, identify complete circuits. open circuits, and short circuits and explain the reasons for the classification. P4.10D: Discriminate between voltage. resistance, and current as they apply to an electric circuit. P4.10g: Compare the currents, voltages, and power in parallel and series circuits. P4.11a: Calculate the Convection Sensing Hot and Cold Temperature Temperature & Heat, temperature, energy lost to (CH 14, thermometer, Current Lab Activity Energy (CH 14, Unit: Heat & surroundings when Section 1) Sect. 1) absolute zero, Temperature water in a home thermal conduction, CH 14 Unit Bimetal Strip Demo Temperature Test: Heat & water heater is convection, Scales (CH 14. Energy Weeks: 16 convection current, Temperature Ball and Ring Demo heated from room Transfer (CH Sect. 1) 18 temperature to the 14, Section 2) radiation, specific Relating temperature heat Convection/Conduction Temperature to Physical necessary to use in a WS Using Heat **Energy Transfer** Science, Holt dishwasher, given (CH 14, (CH 14, Sect. 1) © 2008 the efficiency of the Robots Video & Simple Section 3) Methods of Energy Reference: home hot water Machines WS Transfer (CH 14, CH 14 heater. Sect. 2) Heat Capacity & Titanic Conductors & P4.1A: Account for Video Insulators (CH 14, and represent energy Sect. 2) into and out of Exploding Hydrogen Specific Heat (CH systems using **Bubbles Activity** 14, Sect. 2) energy transfer Around-the-Room diagrams. Problems P4.1B: Explain instances of energy transfer by waves and objects in everyday activities (e.g., why the ground gets warm during the day, how you hear a

distant sound, why it

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hurts when you are			
hit by a baseball).			